1. (currently amended) A method for verifying the authenticity of a document, wherein said document comprises a carrier with a plurality of perforations, wherein at least part of the perforations have an elongate cross section with a minimum and a maximum diameter, comprising the steps of

viewing the document from at least one viewing direction that is non-perpendicular to a surface of the carrier and

deriving the authenticity from an optical transmission of said perforations in said viewing,

wherein said perforations (5a, 5b) extend through said carrier (1) in a direction perpendicular to said surface.

- 2. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of comparing the optical transmission of said perforations with an expected optical transmission.
- 3. (currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein the document is viewed from at least one direction that is perpendicular to a direction parallel to the maximum diameter of at least some of the perforations (5a, 5b).
- 4. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the document is viewed from at least one direction that is perpendicular to a direction parallel to the minimum diameter of at least some of the perforations.

## 5. (canceled)

- 6. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the minimum diameter is substantially equal to or smaller than a thickness of the carrier.
- 7. (currently amended) A security document comprising a carrier, and

a security feature with a plurality of perforations in said carrier,

wherein at least <u>partone</u> of the perforations ha<u>ves</u> an elongate cross section with a minimum and a maximum diameter,

wherein the document comprises at least two of the perforations withhave different cross sections.

wherein said perforations extend through the carrier perpendicular to a surface of the carrier, and

wherein said cross sections have equal areas.

- 8. (canceled)
- 9. (previously presented) The security document of claim 7, wherein said plurality of perforations comprises a first type and a second type of perforations, wherein the minimum diameter of the first type of perforations is parallel to the maximum diameter of the second type of perforations.

- 10. (previously presented) The security document of 7, wherein said plurality of perforations have equal area of cross section and therefore uniform transmission when being viewed from a viewing direction perpendicular a surface of said carrier.
- 11. (previously presented) The security document of claim 7, wherein said perforations form a human recognizable transmission pattern when viewed under an angle that is non-perpendicular to a surface of the carrier.
- 12. (canceled)
- 13. (currently amended) The security document of claim <u>712</u> wherein each perforation has substantially uniform cross section through said document.
- 14. (previously presented) The security document of claim 7, wherein the carrier is of flexible plastic or paper.
- 15. (previously presented) The security document of claim 7, wherein some of said perforations have circular cross section and/or are arranged in a two-dimensional array.
- 16. (previously presented) The security document of claim 7, wherein the minimum diameter is substantially equal to or smaller than a thickness of the carrier.

- 17. (currently amended) The security document of any of claim 7, wherein the minimum diameters of all perforations are equal; and in particular wherein all minimum diameters (d1, d1') of all perforations are parallel to each other.
- 18. (previously presented) The security document pattern of any of claim 7, wherein the maximum diameter is at least 1.5 times larger than the minimum diameter.
- 19. (previously presented) The security document of claim 7 wherein the security document is a banknote or part of a passport.
- 20. (previously presented) The security document of claim 7 wherein at least some of said perforations are arranged in a two-dimensional array.
- 21. (currently amended) A security document comprising a carrier,
- a first type of perforations in said carrier having a first cross section, and
  a second type of perforations in said carrier having a second cross section,
  wherein said first cross section is different from said second cross section but said
  first cross section has equal area as said second cross section, and

wherein at least said first type of perforations are elongate, and

wherein said perforations extend through said document in a direction perpendicular

to a surface of the carrier.